

WORK+unique Qualifications:

- specialize in SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT
- service: we try to emulate success & avoid pitfalls
- 1) work: design, consulting, construction, R&D
- 2) projects: small & big, new & retrofit: residential, industrial, commercial & educational
- 3) <u>clients</u>: builders, developers, government, individuals, organizations & First Nations
- 4) full-time professional practice since 1976
- 5) 28 year track record & company goodwill
- 6) 12 years **live-in experience** in sustainable home & office (to know 1st hand strengths & limitations of ideas, concepts, materials, products & features)
- 7) we (try to) practice what we preach
- 8) national reputation
- 9) husband wife team

Process to gain Expertise

- 1) be well **read** to establish benefits & **priorities**
- 2) select promising features, materials, products
- 3) third party verification for short list
- 4) seek client interest & approval
- 5) integrate priorities into design project
- 6) spend time at construction site
- 7) **live-in** experience with same ideas, features, innovations, materials & products
- 8) establish strengths & weaknesses
- 9) retrofit, upgrade & improvement, for future
- 10) realize there is always much to learn
- 11) each project should be a building block

MISSION/VISION Statement:

- 1) indoor air quality, health & safety
- 2) healthy materials
- 3) user-friendly design: ergonomics, barrier-free
- 4) resource, energy, water & space conservation
- 5) stewardship: green products
- 6) the many "Rs"
- 7) appropriate technology
- 8) small **Ecological Footprint**
- 9) low embodied energy
- 10) multi-tasking details

our DESIGN philosophy:

- our approach is different from most others:
- 1) based on design+construction+live-in
- 2) integrated approach: people+environment
- 3) user participation where appropriate
- 4) buildings designed from **inside** out (form follows **function**)
- 5) many features have **plurality** of functions
- 6) follow a quadruple bottom line: PROFIT for: planet, people, future & business

as Professionals:

- over the last 28 years we have learned that we:
- 1) have many **contacts** in the field (i.e. suppliers, government, reps, colleagues & NGOs)
- 2) try to learn from past clients & be self-critical
- 3) continue to do R&D to seek improvements

We also realize that we:

- 4) do not have all the answers
- 5) we have much to learn
- 6) are not perfect
- 7) like working as a team
- 8) partnerships with industry & government are worthwhile & efficient options

public RECOGNITION

- + media coverage of our work in about:
- 1) 5 demonstration projects built, 1976-2002
- 2) Stampede SunSeed (1979): 65,000 visitors
- 3) EcoHome (1993-2005): 80,000 visitors
- 4) total visitors, 1979-2005: 150,000
- 5) +300 partners: industry, government, NGOs
- 6) 97 articles world-wide
- 7) 25 Radio & TV interviews
- 8) 66 (conference) presentations
- 9) 17 seminars/workshops
- 10) 6 awards & citations
- 11) covered in 13 books, reports & calendars (details are available upon request)

Construction Systems

- we have experience with the following wall systems:
- 1) EcoStuds: 12"-15" thick wall trusses
- 2) double wall: staggered 2x4s
- 3) modified stick built: 2x6 with 3" EPS
- 4) rammed earth: gravel, sand & clay
- 5) straw bales: 18"w, 14"h, 36"l bales
- 6) SIPs (structural insulated panels)
- 7) Blackie Block: dry concrete half-blocks
- 8) stackwall: 24" wide logs wall thickness
- **Note**: 1) @ system has its advantages & limitations. No system is perfect. 2) @ system has different R values (i.e. EcoStuds: ≈ R55, Strawbale: R24)

Tests & Indicators of success:

- the following are the **best tests** of good design of a building, its site and details:
- 1) PEOPLE: Is the building user-friendly?¹
 a) children: does it accommodate childhood?
 b) elderly: does it accommodate older people?
- 2) durability: to withstand wear & tear, with no or low maintenance? This is key to sustainability.²
- 3) time³: continued success in function?
- 4) climate: can it tolerate climate change⁴?

Footnotes:

- 1) ergonomic & anthropometric?
- 2) we try to build for 210 v. 70 year cycle
- 3) time to: settle (foundation), dryout (studs), move (drywall), twist, fade, wear out, etc.
- 4) weather extremes, freeze thaw cycles, ultra violet radiation, hail, rain, cold

BENEFITS of Green Buildings:

- 1) better indoor air quality, health & safety
- 2) > light (i.e. reduce SAD, long winter days)
- 3) more user-friendly
- 4) no retrofit needed to make barrier free
- 5) > durability (less replacement costs)
- 6) < maintenance (lower costs)
- 7) longer **tenure**
- 8) preferential mortgage rate (0.25-0.5%)
- 9) disaster relief (i.e. Great Ice Storm)
- 10) < liabilities
- 11) < operating **costs** (> net disposable income)
- 12) **income generation** potential (environmental credits, tradable emissions)
- 13) greater **security**: cost control, incompetence

TORONTO WATERFRONT: 1972

- main elements of urban design plan
- 96 acres, multi billion project



0' 500' 1000' 2000'

<u> Brownfield -> Greenfield</u>

- public access, mini parks
- Waterfront Trail, sun & wind

Toronto Waterfront > Harbourfront

- people place, destination, culture + history
- nothing -> celebrations
- empty -> full of life
- no-one -> people park
- forgotten -> memorial
- warehouses -> shops







Toronto Waterfront > Harbourfront

- trail & promenade, boardwalk & spine
- no tresspassing-> access
- private -> public
- industrial zone -> park
- hard industry -> soft natur
- emptiness -> full of action







Toronto Waterfront > Harbourfront

recycled real estate, converted buildings



- industrial EcoPark
- maintain history
- retain flavour/materials
- reuse/convert buildings
- public access





Pattinson Project: Salmon Arm B.C.

- sustainable home in warm climate
- rainwater collection
- livable attic
- organic v. box spaces
- thick walls/wide windowsills
- Tempcast fireplace



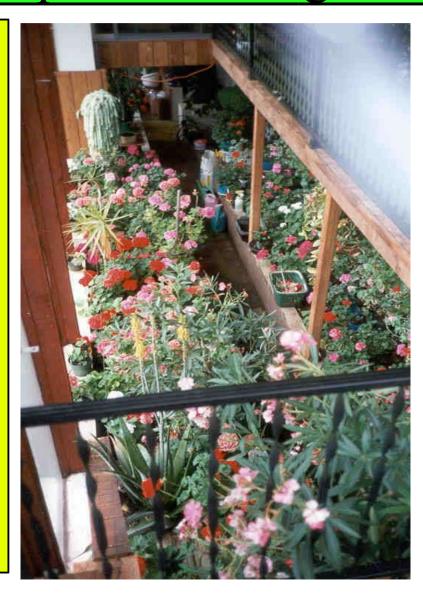




GreenHouses conservatories or atriums

- multi-purpose: inside garden+solar collector

- breakfast nook
- growing plants or food
- cleaning air+water
- passive solar collector
- tropics in winter



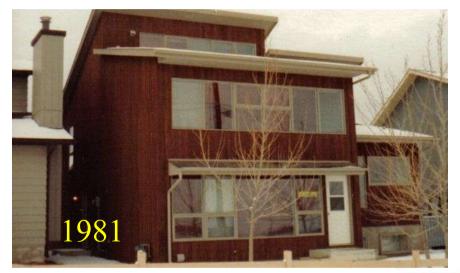




Passive Solar (no mechanical assist):

- south windows
- very cost effectivehigh COP > 50

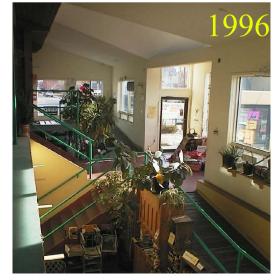
- light & plants during winter
- major solar collector
- connection to outside











Natural Daylight: roof+wall clerestories when windows cannot be used for interior lighting















Natural Daylight: SunPipes & Skylights when windows cannot be used for interior lighting

- rooftop SunPipes
 - nonventing
 - translucent
 - more light
 - reflector
- skylights can vent
- full spectrum light
- for plants











favourite Architectural features 1 of 4:

incorporating yesterday, today & tomorrow
1) open plans, 2) inclined & open ceilings









favourite Architectural features 2 of 4:

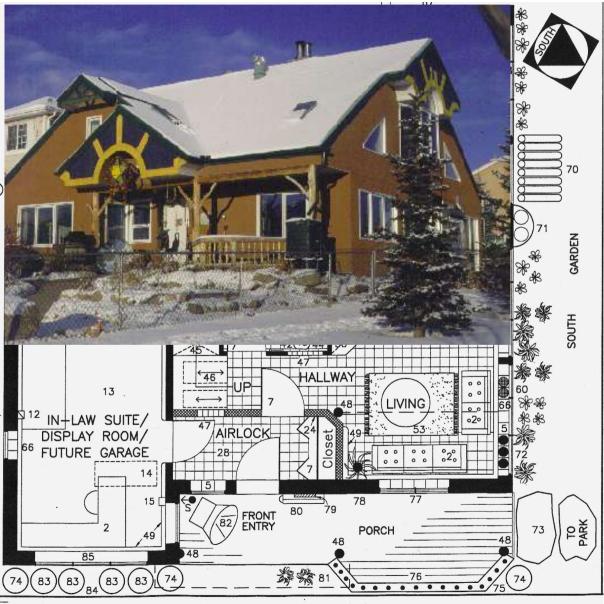
borrowing from yesterday, building today, ready for tomorrow
 3) multi-purpose Airlocks, 4) minimum hallways



<u>favourite Architectural features 3 of 4</u>: 5) front porch, 6) minimum hallway as interior street







favourite Architectural features 4 of 4:

7) high performance windows (R14-17), 8) wide window sills



